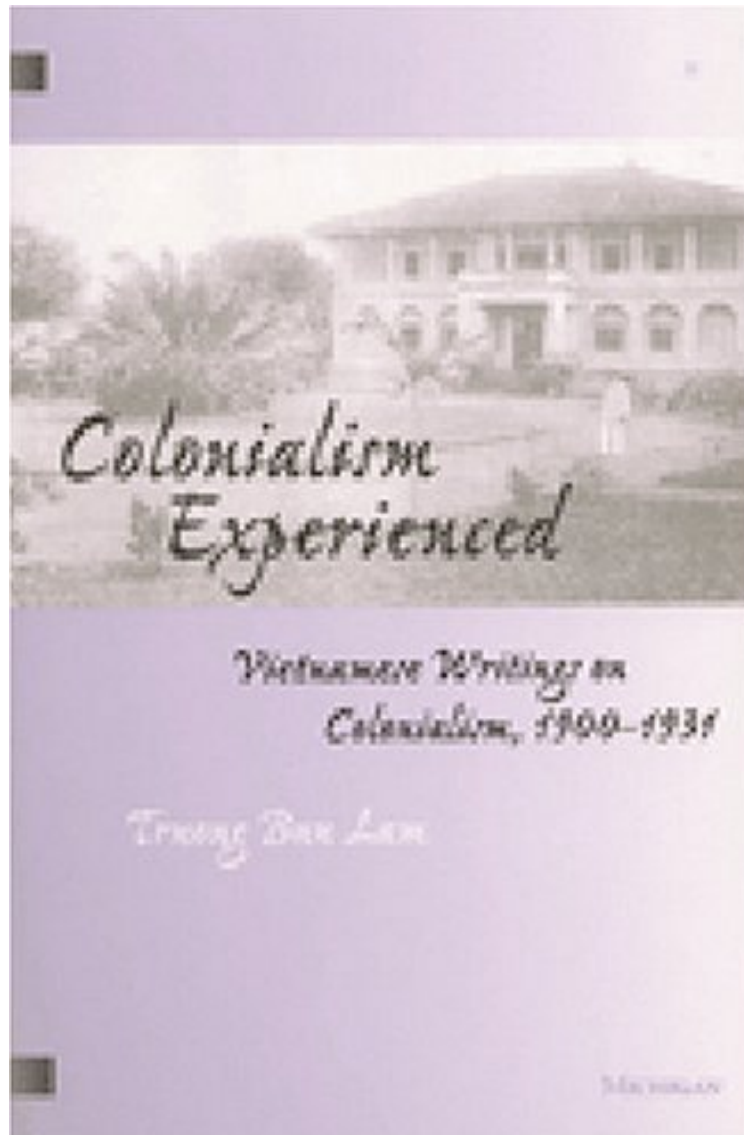


(Download pdf) Colonialism Experienced: Vietnamese Writings on Colonialism, 1900-1931

Colonialism Experienced: Vietnamese Writings on Colonialism, 1900-1931

Truong Buu Lam

*DOC | *audiobook | ebooks | Download PDF | ePub*



[Download](#)

[Read Online](#)

#386609 in Books 2000-08-22Original language:EnglishPDF # 1 9.00 x .80 x 6.00l, 1.00 #File Name: 0472067125352 pages | File size: 59.Mb

Truong Buu Lam : Colonialism Experienced: Vietnamese Writings on Colonialism, 1900-1931 before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Colonialism Experienced: Vietnamese Writings on Colonialism, 1900-1931:

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. A Must ReadBy Ta TranI haven't finished the book yet, but from what I did read, I liked it a lot. Got the product in good condition and quickly.1 of 2 people found the following review

helpful. Essential History By John E. Swindells This volume covers the history of Viet Nam over several thousand years. Had I read this book before being assigned in Viet Nam during the war, I would have been far better equipped to do my job. The Vietnamese people have engaged in guerilla warfare over many centuries, not just ours. This fact alone should have informed our leaders as to what might have been achievable goals. We went in ignorant and, unfortunately, came out the same way having learned little or nothing from the experience. The volume contains a significant amount of poetry which goes far to help the westerner understand the culture.

The first three decades of the twentieth century in late-colonial Vietnam--the period that also marked the transition between the dominant Confucian and nascent Western worldviews--generated an abundance of political literature in that country. The documents from this transitional era belong to a variety of genres: propaganda pamphlets, open letters to government officials, texts for private or clandestine classrooms, manifestos of political or cultural organizations, columns from newspapers, public proclamations, petitions to international agencies, and poems. Whether from the old or the new era, however, they all expressed an opinion on the colonial status of their country.